

# What's in Scope?

Update from the SBTi on Corporate Net-Zero Standard V2.0

April 2025



DRIVING AMBITIOUS CORPORATE CLIMATE ACTION

The Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) is a corporate climate action organization that enables companies and financial institutions worldwide to play their part in combating the climate crisis.

We develop standards, tools and guidance that allow companies to set greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions reductions targets in line with what is needed to keep global heating below catastrophic levels and **reach netzero by 2050**.



### **OUR IMPACT**

10 years of the SBTi



1,600+ 7,300+ validated net-zero with science-based targets targets 10,800+ businesses with sciencebased targets and commitments 1,500+ 150+ financial institutions active net-zero with science-based commitments targets





# AGENDA

- Corporate Net-Zero Standard V2.0 (CNZS V2)
- 2. Key Proposed Changes
- 3. Engagement Opportunities
- 4. Q&A

### **Overview | SBTi Corporate Net-Zero Standard Revision**

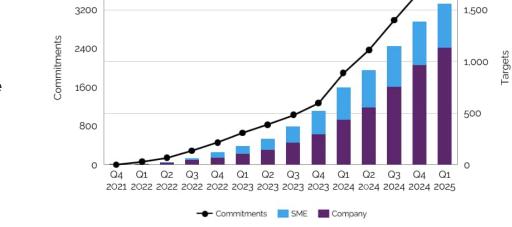
SBTi's Corporate Net-Zero Standard (CNZS) has been the gold standard for credible net-zero targets since 2021, with 1,600+ net-zero targets validated today.

4000

#### Why is the standard being revised now?

- This is the **first major revision**<sup>\*</sup> in alignment with SBTi's Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) that all standards must be updated every 2-5 years
- To ensure the standard is aligned with the latest climate science and best practice, and **addresses key challenges** to implementing and achieving net-zero emissions targets

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#### Cumulative net-zero targets and commitments published since the launch of the Corporate Net-Zero Standard



# Where we are | Corporate Net-Zero Standard revision to date





May

2024

#### **Project formally initiated** informed by assessment of stakeholder feedback



Stakeholder feedback on key topics through workshops, focus groups and consulting with advisory groups





Research and thought leadership, including scope 3 paper, evidence on environmental attribute certificates, & synthesis report on carbon credits Consultation draft review and approval by SBTi's independent Technical Council

# Where we're going | Timeline for consultation



Timeline subject to revision

Initial draft publication and first consultation	Interim revision	Second consultation	Final revision and approval	
		Pilot testing		
<ul> <li>Draft published</li> <li>Explanatory materials and informational videos shared on SBTi website</li> <li>Consultation survey</li> <li>Q&amp;A webinar</li> <li>Convening Expert Working Groups (EWGs)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Feedback summary report</li> <li>Deliberation with EWGs</li> <li>Updated draft and explanatory materials developed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Consultation survey</li> <li>Revised draft</li> <li>Informational webinars</li> <li>Pilot testing of the standard</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Final draft approved by Technical Council and Board</li> <li>Final draft published with feedback summary report and basis for conclusions</li> </ul>	

March 18th

Initial draft published

#### June 1st End public consultation



#### DISCLAIMER

All proposed changes or modifications to the SBTi standards discussed herein are speculative and subject to the process outlined in the SBTi's *Standard Operating Procedure for Development of SBTi Standards.* This includes, but is not limited to: research, public consultation and pilot testing, evaluation and approval by the SBTi Technical Council, and final adoption by the SBTi Board.

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# CORPORATE NET-ZERO STANDARD V2 KEY CHANGES

# Overview of key changes in the revised CNZS V2.0



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Scope 1	Scope 2	Scope 3	Removals	BVCM
Separate scope 1 and 2 targets Updated scope 1 absolute contraction method accounting for historical performance Updated pathways in line	carbon electricity Clearer guidance on use of energy attribute certificates (e.g., RECs)	Updated target boundary based on emissions relevance Greater emphasis on alignment targets and metrics (e.g., % of net-zero aligned procurement)	Role of removals in lead up to net-zero target year Minimum durability requirements	<b>Option to obtain additional</b> <b>recognition</b> for beyond value chain mitigation (BVCM) activities
with IPCC AR6 and IEA NZE scenarios Categorization	New system to tailor requiremen	Activity pools and indirect mitigation for hard to trace emissions Its based on company size and g	geography	
		a accurtability and recogniti	on	
Validation Cycle	End-to-end framework to enhance Clear guidance on assessing prog		enewal process	



# CORPORATE NET-ZERO STANDARD V2 | GENERAL CHANGES





# CNZS V2.0 | General Requirements Introduction of company categorization

### **FROM**

Currently, SBTi criteria applies equally for all companies of a certain size, regardless of region - and supplies a separate route to validation for small and medium companies (SMEs)

# ТО

Unique approach with differentiation of companies based on **location and company size**. Requirements and applicability of criteria will be based on company categorization to enhance equity and feasibility.

### **General Requirements | Company Categorization**



	Company Size				Company Location		
	Number of employees	Net annual turnover (\$ or €)	Balance Sheet (\$ or €)	S1&2 Emissions (tCO₂e)	High and upper-middle <sup>1</sup> income countries	Low and lower- middle <sup>1</sup> income countries	
<b>Large</b> At least 1 criteria is met	>1,000	>450M	n/a	n/a	A	A	
<b>Medium</b> At least 2 criteria are met	250 - 1,000	50 - 450M	>25M	n/a	A	B*	
<b>Small</b> At least 2 criteria <u>and</u> under CO <sub>2</sub> e threshold	<250	<50M	<25M	<10,000	B*	B*	

<sup>1</sup> Based on World Bank classification

\* A medium company is considered to be based in low or lower-middle income country if it's HQ is in a low or lower-income country and it's turnover derived from high or upper-middle income countries is <50M (\$ or€)

is



# CNZS V2.0 | General Requirements



# Public commitment requirement

# FROM

Commitment Letter submitted to the SBTi, with 24 months from the date of the commitment to submit targets for validation.

# ТО

Companies must publicly state their intentions to achieve net-zero emissions before 2050 and set science based targets within...





#### SCIENCE BASED TARGETS

# CNZS V2.0 | General Requirements

# **Disclosure of Climate Transition Plan**

### FROM

Companies are not required to substantiate targets through the submission of a climate transition plan.

# ТО

All companies would be required to publicly report transition plans within **12 months** of target validation.







# CNZS V2.0 | General Requirements Base year selection

**FROM** 

Companies can select any base year back to 2015 and must draw organizational boundaries as allowed by GHGP

### ТО

Companies choose a base year no more than three years prior to their Initial Validation. Organizational boundaries can be based on GHGP or consistent with consolidated financial statements.



# CNZS V2.0 | General Requirements Data quality & assurance



#### FROM

No incentives to increase data quality and no requirements for assured GHG data, making accurate measurement and consistent progress tracking difficult

## ΤΟ

Mechanisms that incentivize companies to gradually shift toward higher data quality while recognizing current constraints.

Exploring feasibility of activity-level emissions reporting and assurance requirements.





#### SCIENCE BASED TARGETS

# CNZS V2.0 | General Requirements Introduction of new validation cycle

### FROM

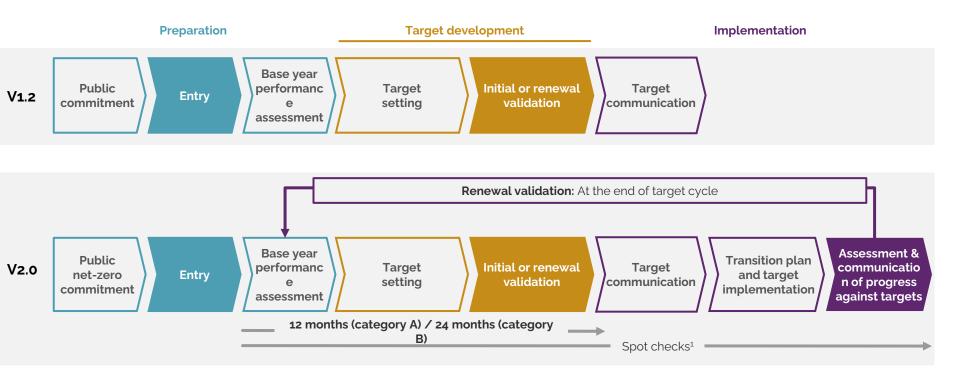
A validation and target renewal process that does not incentivize continuous improvement ТО

An end-to-end validation model that provides **clear guidance through initial and renewal target- setting** and that addresses underdelivery against targets

# Updated end-to-end framework for validating and recognizing progress against targets



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#### SCIENCE BASED TARGETS

# CNZS V2.0 | General Requirements Claims

#### **FROM**

Companies can make claims related to SBTi commitments or having a validated near-term or net-zero target validated by the SBTi, including the level of ambition in terms of temperature alignment

# ТО

An expanded set of claims designed for different stages of the target-setting process, and designed in line with evolving regulatory frameworks





# CNZS V2.0 | General Requirements Beyond Value Chain Mitigation (BVCM)

FROM

Recommendation for companies to address ongoing emissions by mitigation of emissions beyond their value chain TO

Option for companies to obtain additional **recognition** for beyond value chain mitigation if they meet necessary criteria



# CNZS V2 | TARGET-SETTING UPDATES

# **Target-setting | Key updates across scopes**



Topic From 0 Emission reduction Underlying Emission reduction benchmarks derived benchmarks derived from from IPCC AR6 pathways pathways IPCC AR5 pathways Standardized to five years, with the option Near-term target 5-10 years with no to align with fixed milestone years (e.g., standardization of target timeframe 2030, 2035) years Required across all scopes Required across scopes 1, 2, Near-term and 3 (if 40% or more of GHG targets inventory); SMEs not required Required across scopes 1 and 2 to set scope 3 targets Long-term Required across scopes 1 and 2 (long-term Required across all scopes Α targets scope 3 targets under consultation) Optional В



# Scope 1 | Key Updates



### Updated Absolute Contraction Approach<sup>1</sup>

Introduces a "reference year" to ensure the cross-sector pathway aligns with carbon budgets in IPCC modeling.

Two approaches are proposed to account for the emissions gap between the reference year and the company-selected base year.

- **1. Option 1** (Budget- conserving contraction): Conserves carbon budget
- 2. Option 2 (Linear contraction): Ensures path to net-zero by 2050 for all companies



#### Separate scope 1 and scope 2 targets are required





# Scope 2 | Key Updates



#### Companies must set two separate scope 2 targets:

- 1) One location-based target and;
- 2) Either a market-based target or a zero-carbon electricity target

# More guidance on use of scope 2 mitigation mechanisms

Introducing more stringent guardrails on the use of Environmental Attribute Certificates, specifically around time- and spatial-matching of energy consumption and production.





# Scope 3 | Key Updates



### Updated target boundary

Boundary based on relevance of emissions, rather than a fixed threshold (i.e. elimination of 67% boundary)

#### 2

#### Greater emphasis on alignment metrics and targets

Enhanced used of alignment target-setting metrics and methods focused on outcomes

#### A more nuanced approach to substantiating progress

Acknowledgement of the use of interventions at the activity pool level (e.g., supply shed) and recognition of the role of indirect mitigation (e.g., book-and-claim) for limited traceability emissions





# **CNZS V2.0 Addressing residual emissions**



#### Neutralization required at net-zero year

Neutralization of scope 3 emissions may be addressed by value chain partners

#### **Removal targets**

Scope 1 residual emissions will be proactively addressed either through interim removal targets, or through additional abatement or removals

2

#### Minimum durability requirements

Requirement for either gradual transition to high-durability removals or matching durability of removals to residual GHGs



#### **Quality criteria**

Requires removals to adhere to high-integrity standards



## Get involved in shaping the Corporate Net-Zero Standard V2



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### Thank you!



#### Sign up for the SBTi newsletter

to receive updates on the Corporate Net Zero Standard V2.0



#### Learn more & participate in the formal public consultation Initial Public Consultation closes on June 1st, 2025





# **THANK YOU**